$6^{\text {th }}$ Grade
A. 6 Worksheet 1

Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$
Models of Cubes
Remember-we can find the value of a perfect cube by making a model:
Example:
Look at this cube:

$=$

$+$


You can express the value of this cube two ways: $3^{3}=27$ (a number cubed) or $\sqrt[3]{27}=3$ (a cube root)

## Express the value of these cubes in two different ways:

1. 



Write the value as a number cubed:

Write the value as a cube root:
2.


Write the value as a number cubed:
Write the value as a cube root:
3.

4.


Write the value as a number cubed:
Write the value as a cube root:

Write the value as a number cubed:
Write the value as a cube root:

Find the value of each perfect cube:

1. $3^{3}$
2. $5^{3}$
3. $10^{3}$
4. $1^{3}$
5. $7^{3}$
6. $20^{3}$

Find each cube root:
7. $\sqrt[3]{27}$
8. $\sqrt[3]{729}$
9. $\sqrt[3]{64}$
10. $\sqrt[3]{1,000}$
11. $\sqrt[3]{8,000}$
12. $\sqrt[3]{125}$

Find the value of $x$ for each equation:
13. $x^{3}=8$
$\mathrm{x}=$ $\qquad$
14. $x^{3}=216$
$\mathrm{x}=$ $\qquad$
16. $x^{3}=343$
$\mathrm{x}=$ $\qquad$
17. $x^{3}=27$
$\mathrm{x}=$ $\qquad$
15. $x^{3}=1$
$\mathrm{x}=$ $\qquad$
18. $\mathrm{x}^{3}=64$
$\mathrm{x}=$ $\qquad$

